## Rectangular Spiral Galaxies are Still Hard

Erik D. Demaine


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$\star$ Partition rectangular polygons into polygons with at most 8 vertices: $\left\lfloor 3^{n+4} / 16\right\rfloor$ polygons with $O(n)$ algorithm [Győri, Mezei, 2016]


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http://puzzlepicnic.com/puzzle?3967

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$\star$ Rectangular polygons $\rightarrow$ let's look at polyominoes


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Also gives us a tiling using the solution galaxies as polyominoes


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$\star$ Do you want to solve some puzzles?
http://www.nikoli.co.jp/en/puzzles/astronomical show.html http://puzzlepicnic.com/genre?id=17
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$\Rightarrow$ Minimum number of centers, such that there exist Spiral Galaxies that exactly cover a given shape



## Results

$\star$ Determining if a Spiral Galaxies board is solvable with only rectangular galaxies is NP-complete.
$\star$ Determining if a Spiral Galaxies board is solvable with only $1 \times 1$, $1 \times 3$ and $3 \times 1$ galaxies is NP-complete and counting the number of solutions is \#P-complete and ASP-complete.
$\star$ Non-crossing matching in squared grid graphs is NP-complete.
$\star$ Generating puzzles: Minimizing the number of centers on a Spiral Galaxies board, such that Spiral Galaxies with these centers exactly cover a given shape S is NP-complete.

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$\Rightarrow$ 1x1 galaxy does not cover disks $\hat{=}$ non-existing edge between disks


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Variable loop



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> Two possible states-"true" and "false":


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Negation gadget


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Clause gadget


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Can be solved for the letters A, B, H, P, R, S, Z [+E for disconnected galaxies]


SCAN ME


