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Design and Analysis of Algorithms Part 2 -Approximation and Online Algorithms Homework 5, 03.03.23

Problem 1 (First-Fit-Decreasing for Bin Packing):

Show that the First-Fit-Decreasing Algorithm for Bin Packing presented in class has an approximation factor of 3/2.

Problem 2 (Bin Packing II):

Consider another algorithm for MIN BIN PACKING: the next fit algorithm. At each step there is exactly one open bin B_j . The next item is packed into B_j if it fits, otherwise, a new bin B_{j+1} gets opened, B_j gets closed and will never be opened again.

- (a) Show that the next fit algorithm has an approximation factor of 2.
- (b) Show that the bound from (a) cannot be improved.

Problem 3 (Greedy Set Cover Algorithm):

Apply the Greedy Set Cover Algorithm (Algorithm 5.5 from the lecture) to the following Set Cover instance:

$$\begin{split} c(S_i) &= |S_i| + 1, \ U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20\}, \text{ and} \\ S_1 &= \{1, 2, 3, 4\} \\ S_2 &= \{5, 6, 7, 8\} \\ S_3 &= \{9, 10, 11, 12\} \\ S_4 &= \{13, 14, 15, 16\} \\ S_5 &= \{17, 18, 19, 20\} \\ S_6 &= \{1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11\} \\ S_7 &= \{14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19\} \\ S_8 &= \{12, 13, 14, 15\} \\ S_9 &= \{4, 5, 6\} \\ S_{10} &= \{7, 8, 9\} \\ S_{11} &= \{18, 19, 20\}. \end{split}$$

In case the maximum in step 2 is not uniquely defined, choose set S_i with minimum index.

What is the value of the computed set cover? Can you give a better set cover?

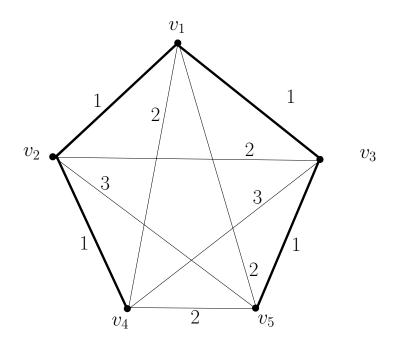


Figure 1: Graph H. An MST rooted in v_1 is shown in bold.

Problem 4 (4/3-approximation for (1,2)-TSP):

Consider a complete undirected graph G in which all edges have length either 1 or 2 (G satisfies the triangle inequality!). Give a 4/3-approximation for this special TSP variant.

Hint: Start with a minimum 2-matching in G. A 2-matching is a subset M_2 of edges so that every vertex in G is incident to exactly two edges in M_2 . Note: a 2-matching can be computed in polynomial time.

Problem 5 (Bottleneck TSP):

Take a graph G with edge costs that satisfy the triangle inequality. We want to find a Hamiltonian cycle C for which the maximum cost edge in C is minimized.

- (a) Give a 3-approximation algorithm for this problem.Hints: (i) Consider the MST of G. (ii) Think about "appropriate" shortcuts.
- (b) Apply your algorithm to the graph H from Figure 1, using the given MST.